

zappi

eco-smart EV charge point



User Manual

MODELS:

ZAPPI-2H07UW

ZAPPI-2H07UB

ZAPPI-2H07TW

ZAPPI-2H07TB

ZAPPI-2H22UW

ZAPPI-2H22TW

ZAPPI-2H22UB

ZAPPI-2H22TB

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1 Introduction

Thank you for choosing zoppi. Of course, we think you have made an excellent choice and are sure you will be incredibly happy with the features, benefits, and quality of your mϋenergi product.

These instructions will help you to familiarise yourself with the zoppi. By reading the instructions, you will be sure to get the maximum benefit from your 'eco-smart' device.

2 Safety

zoppi is an AC EV charger, intended to be installed in a fixed location and permanently connected to the AC supply network. It is a Class 1 item of electrical equipment in accordance with IEC 61140.

The unit is designed for indoor or outdoor use at a location with restricted access and should be mounted vertically either surface (wall) mounted or on the dedicated pole mount supplied separately by mϋenergi.

The device has been manufactured in accordance with the state of the art and the recognised safety standards, however, incorrect operation or misuse may result in:

- ⊗ Injury or death to the operator or third parties
- ⊗ Damage to the device and other property of the operator
- ⊗ Inefficient operation of the device

All persons involved in commissioning, maintaining, and servicing the device must:

- ⊗ Be suitably qualified
- ⊗ Have knowledge of and experience in dealing with electrical installations
- ⊗ Read and follow these operating instructions carefully
- ⊗ Always disconnect the device from the supply before removing the cover

The device is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the device by a person responsible for their safety.

zoppi comes in either tethered or untethered variants. The untethered version should only be used with a dedicated cable fitted with a Type 2 plug which is compliant with EN 62196-1 and EN 62196-2. Adaptors or conversion adaptors and cord extension sets are not allowed to be used.

Failure to install and operate the zoppi in accordance with these instructions may damage the unit and invalidate the manufacturer's warranty.

3 Disposal

In accordance with European Directive 2002/96/EC on waste electrical and electronic equipment and its implementation in national law, used electrical devices **must** be collected separately and recycled in an environmentally responsible manner. Ensure that you return your used device to your dealer or obtain information regarding a local, authorised collection and disposal system. Failure to comply with this EU Directive may result in a negative impact on the environment.

4. Copyright

Copyright of these operating instructions remains with the manufacturer. Text and images correspond to the technical level at the time of going to press. We reserve the right to make changes. The content of the operating instructions shall not give rise to any claims on the part of the purchaser. We are grateful for any suggestions for improvement and notices of errors in the operating instructions.

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5. Overview

Microgeneration systems such as Solar PV and small wind turbines are at their most efficient when the generated energy is consumed on-site rather than exporting it to the grid. This is what we call 'self-consumption'.

zappi is a Mode 3 charging station, compatible with all electric vehicles that comply with EN 62196 and EN 61851-1 plug-in electric vehicle standards.

zappi works like any regular charging point but has special ECO charging modes that will benefit homeowners with grid-tied microgeneration systems e.g. wind or solar generation. Two special ECO charging modes automatically adjust charging current in response to on-site generation and household power consumption. In FAST charge mode, zappi operates like an ordinary EV charger.

A grid current sensor (supplied) simply clips around the incoming supply cable and is used to monitor excess power. When using the special ECO charge modes, zappi will automatically adjust the charge rate in response to available surplus.

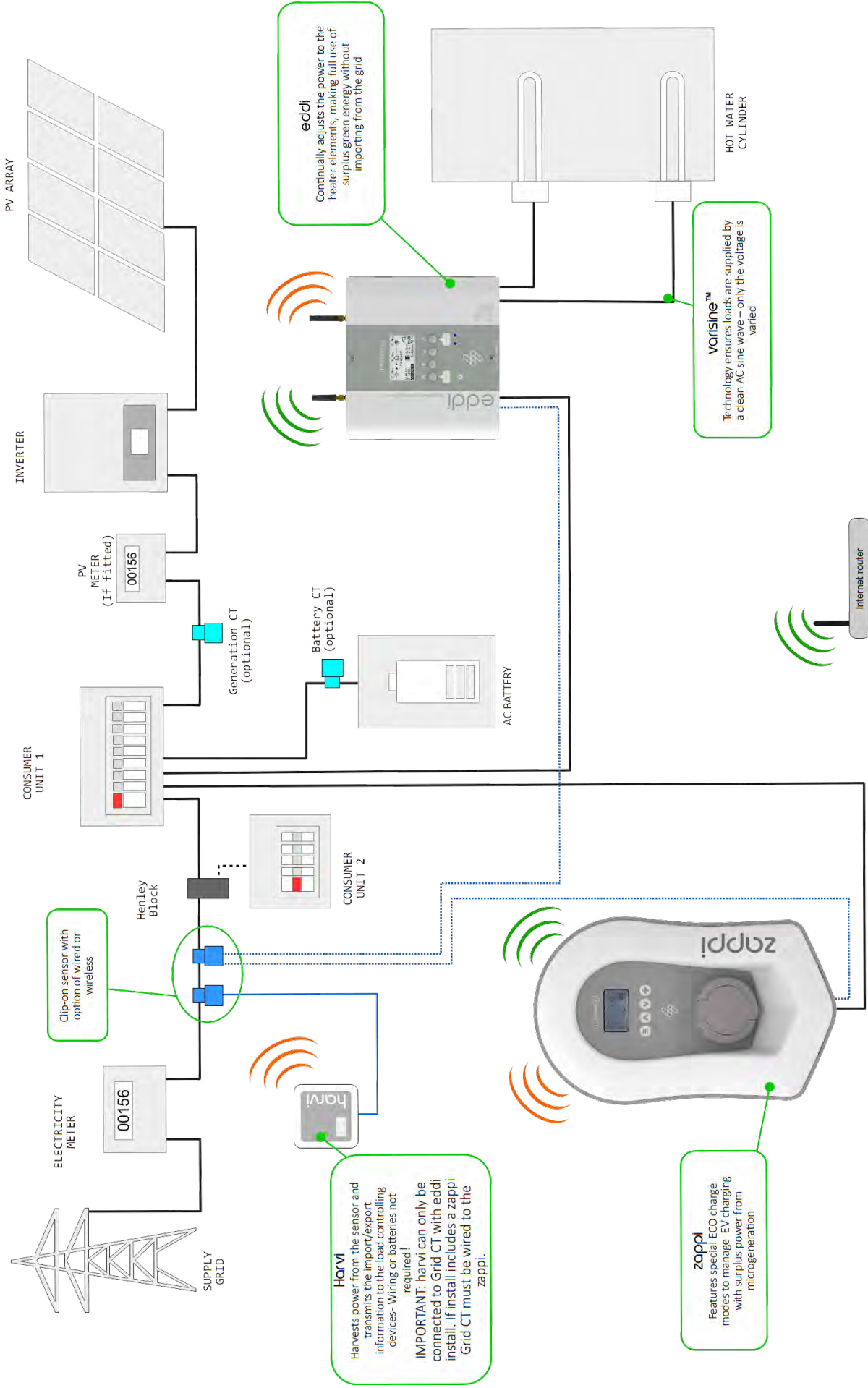
Feature Set

- ⊗ 3 charging modes: ECO, ECO+ & FAST
- ⊗ Optimises microgeneration self-consumption
- ⊗ Works with solar PV, wind turbine or micro-hydro systems
- ⊗ Economy tariff sense input
- ⊗ Programmable timer function
- ⊗ Charge and event logging
- ⊗ Remote control and monitoring add-on option
- ⊗ Pin-code lock function
- ⊗ Tap operated display backlight
- ⊗ Built-in protection against the loss of the protective neutral and earth (PEN) conductor as required by BS 7671:2018 Amendment 1:2020(The “Wiring Regulations”)
- ⊗ Ethernet connector (for local communications between myenergi devices)
- ⊗ Integral cable holster (tethered units)
- ⊗ Supplied with 1 x clip-on grid current sensor (x3 if purchasing a 3-phase unit)
- ⊗ Illuminated display – for convenience, the display can be illuminated by simply tapping the zappi front cover.
- ⊗ Integrated WiFi for connecting to internet.

5.1 Overview Diagram

The diagram on the next page shows the eddi as part of a complete energy management system. Other myenergi products are shown with details of how they integrate with the grid connection and the microgeneration system.

Overview Diagram



6. Box Contents

Tethered Units

- ⊗ 1 x zappi unit with EV cable and connector attached
- ⊗ 1 x Cable wall guard
- ⊗ 1 or 3 x CT clamps¹
- ⊗ 1 x Mounting template
- ⊗ 1 x Mounting kit for a brick wall

Mounting kit (Tethered units)

- ⊗ 4 x 50mm Pozi screws
- ⊗ 4 x Wall mounting plug
- ⊗ 4 x Sealing washer
- ⊗ 4 x 12mm Pozi screws (countersunk)

Untethered Units

- ⊗ 1 x zappi unit
- ⊗ 1 or 3 x CT clamps¹
- ⊗ 1 x Mounting template
- ⊗ 1 x Mounting kit for a brick wall

Mounting kit (Untethered units)

- ⊗ 4 x 50mm Pozi screws
- ⊗ 4 x Wall mounting plug
- ⊗ 4 x Sealing washer

¹ 1xCT clamp supplied with single phase zappi; 3xCT clamps supplied with three phase zappi

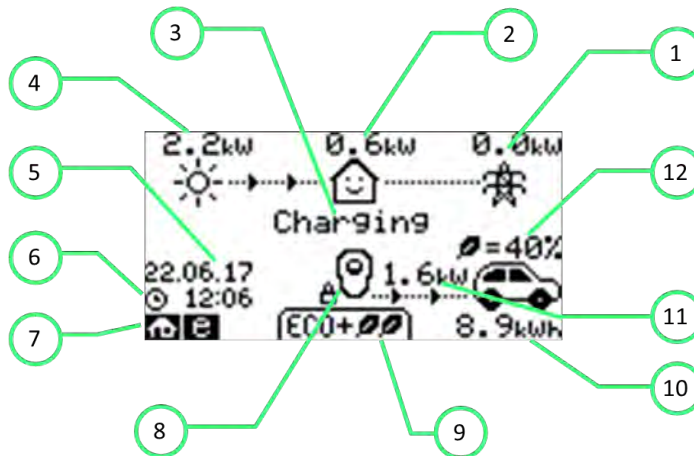
7. Operation

7.1 Controls & Indicators



1.	Display	Graphical LCD display with LED backlight <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Backlight can be activated by tapping the unit.
2.	Front Fascia	Remove fascia for installing and servicing
3.	Tethered Charging Cable if applicable	6.5-meter cable with a Type 2 plug or Type 2 socket with locking system for untethered models.
4.	Control Buttons	Four tactile buttons used to navigate the menus and alter settings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Menu Change charge mode Move up a menu item Increase value Change charge mode Move down a menu item Decrease value Boost Select item Confirm value and move to next setting.
5.	Integrated Cable Holster (tethered units only)	When not in use, the charging cable should be wrapped around the unit and secured in the cable holster (tethered units).
6.	Charging Connection Point (untethered units)	When cable not in use, the charging cable should be unplugged and stored in a cool dry place.
7.	RGB Indicator	Visual Indicator that changes colour dependant on the zappi's charging state.

7.2 Display



1.	Import / Export Power	The power being either imported or exported from or to the grid (kW). The direction of the arrows indicates if the property is currently importing power (left) or exporting power (right). The size of the arrows is proportionate to the level of power being imported / exported, When the property is neither importing or exporting power the figure will be 0.0kW and there will no animated arrows. The property is then said to be 'in balance'.
2.	House Load Power	The power that the property is currently using in kW. (Note: This is displayed only when the Generation Sensor is installed directly to a CT input or a harvi or other myenergi device)
3.	Status Text	The current status is displayed here (see Status Screens Page 12).
4.	Generation Power	The power being generated at this time in kW. (Note: This is displayed only when the CTs are installed either hard wired to the CT inputs of the zappi or wirelessly to a harvi or other myenergi device)
5.	Lock Icon	Operation lock is active.
6.	Date & Time	The current date and time.
7.	Mode Icons	These icons indicate that the import limiting is active (house), Demand Side Response (~) or the eSense input is live (e) see page 44.
8.	zappi Icon	If you see wavy lines above the zappi icon, the unit is thermally limiting! The output power is temporarily reduced.
9.	Charge Mode	Shows the selected Charging Mode; FAST, ECO or ECO+ (see Charging Modes page 14).
10.	Charge Delivered to EV	The accumulated charge energy that has been sent to EV in this charge session.
11.	Current Charging Power	When the EV is charging, arrows will show here along with the charging power in kW.
12.	Green Level of Last Charge	This is the percentage of 'Green' energy for the last charge session, this is shown at the end of a charge or when the EV is unplugged.

7.3 RGB Indicator Key

The lighting flash indicator on the front of the zappi indicates the status of the charge. The default colours are:

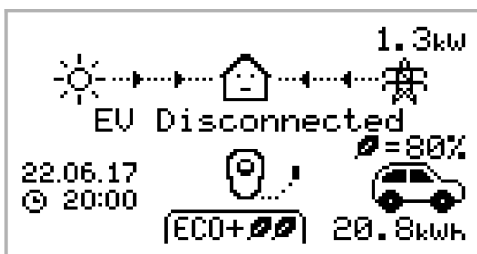
Pink:	Connected
Green:	Charging 100% Green
White:	Charging from Grid only
Yellow:	Charging mix of grid/green energy
Blue:	Charge complete
Red:	Error

These colours can be adjusted on Display & Sound menu (firmware version 2.163 onwards).

The colour effect (pulsing of the LED brightness) varies according to the charging power.

7.4 Status Screens

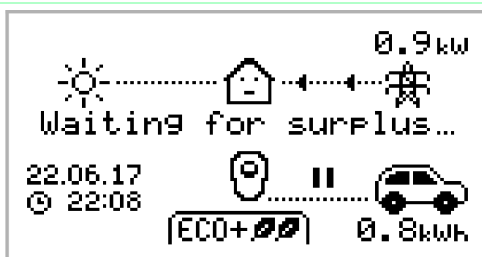
7.4.1 EV Disconnected



The EV is not connected to zappi.

In this example the last charging session delivered 20.8kWh of energy to the EV and 80% of that energy came from the solar panels.

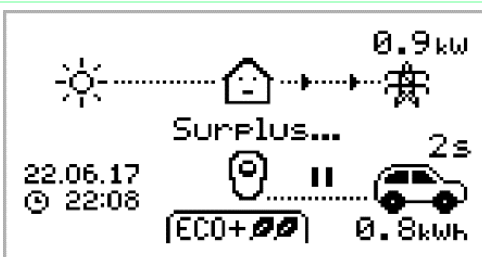
7.4.2 Waiting for Surplus



zappi is waiting for sufficient surplus power from the microgeneration system. This screen will be shown in ECO+ mode as it is only in this mode that charging will stop if there is not enough surplus power.

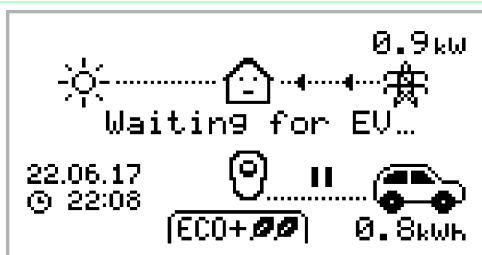
The house in the centre is straight-faced as grid electricity is being used by the house (0.9kW in the example shown).

7.4.3 Surplus



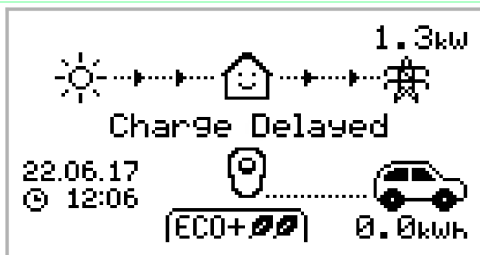
Enough surplus is available and zappi is about to charge the EV. A timer is decremented and can be set in the charge settings (ECO+ mode only).

7.4.4 Waiting for EV



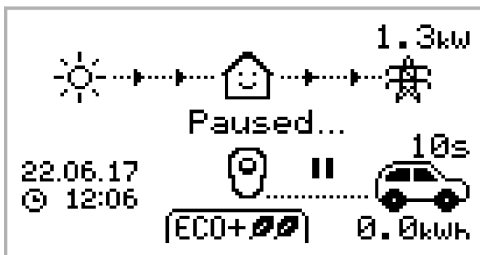
zappi is waiting for the EV to respond; the EV is not ready to accept charge.

7.4.5 Charge Delayed



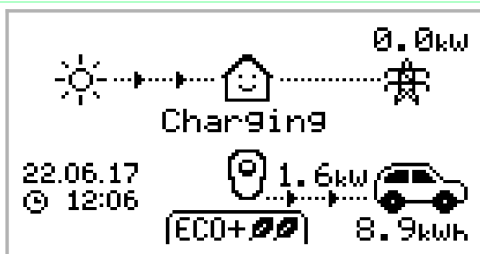
The charging session has been delayed by the EV because a scheduled charge has been set in the vehicle.

7.4.6 Paused



zappi is paused for a few seconds in order to limit the start/stop frequency during ECO+ mode charging.

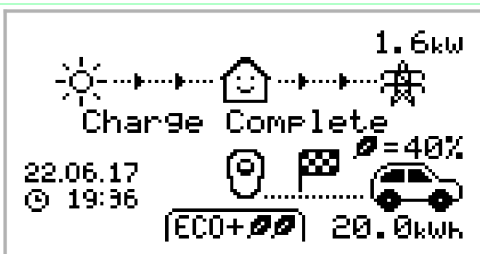
7.4.7 Charging



The EV is charging.

In this example the car is charging in ECO+ mode at 1.6kW, there is no import or export from the grid (0.0kW) and the EV battery has charged by 8.9kWh since the car started.

7.4.8 Charge Complete



The EV is fully charged.

The charge energy used during the last charge is displayed at the bottom right (20.0kWh in this case) and the 'green contribution' is also shown (40% in this example).

7.4.9 Restart



zappi is performing a restart sequence.



This may happen with some EVs that need to be 'woken-up' to start charging after a pause in the charge. Charge should start immediately afterwards, otherwise the "Charge Delayed" message will appear.

7.4.10 Stopping



zappi is about to stop the EV charging

8. Charging Modes

zappi has three different charging modes and a “STOP” mode which can be selected simply by pressing the  and  buttons when the main screen is showing. The charge mode can be changed before or during a charge. Regardless of the charge mode, all the surplus electricity is used zappi’s special eco charge modes limit the amount of grid electric used. Below is the explanation of each charging mode.



FAST

Charges at the fastest rate

Fast Mode will charge the EV at the fastest rate and will import grid electricity if there is insufficient surplus generated power. The actual charge rate is dependent on the EV's onboard charger and the grid supply voltage. Some vehicles can charge at 11kW or 22kW on a 3-Phase zappi, but many EV's have lower charge rates. The maximum charge rate for the single phase zappi is 7kW.

ECO

Adjusts the charge rate to limit the use of grid electricity

The charge rate is continuously adjusted, in response to changes in generation or power consumption elsewhere in the home, thereby minimising the use of grid power. Charging will continue until the vehicle is fully charged, using available surplus power. If at any time, the available surplus power falls below 1.4kW, the shortfall will be drawn from the grid.

Note: The EV charging standard does not support below 1.4kW.

ECO+

Adjusts the charge rate to limit the use of grid electricity and will pause the charge if there is too much or any grid electricity being used (Set-up Dependant)

The charge rate is continuously adjusted, in response to changes in generation or power consumption elsewhere in the home, thereby minimising the use of grid power. Charging will pause if there is too much imported power, continuing only when there is enough surplus power available. The surplus power threshold at which the charge will start or stop can be set using **Min Green Level** in the **ECO+ Settings** of the **Charge Settings** menu. The actual green contribution percentage is shown when the charge is complete or when the zappi has been disconnected from the EV. It is possible to charge the EV using only surplus renewable power, if there is sufficient surplus power available and a boost option has **not** been set. (**Please note: The EV charging standard does not support charging below 1.4kW**) Example: when zappi is set to a Min Green Level of 100% you will need in excess of around 1.4kW of surplus energy available to start the charge. If the surplus falls below the 1.4kW threshold the charge will pause until the threshold is once again met. After a short delay zappi will resume charge. If preferable, you can set the zappi to share power from the grid and a generation source to ensure a charge is always maintained. For example, the Min Green Level could be set to 75%. A charge will then start when there is a surplus of 1.05kW, taking a further 0.35kW from the grid. It is worth noting that this is only required to start a charge. If a higher amount of surplus becomes available it will be consumed, resulting in less being drawn from the grid.

STOP

The output from zappi is turned off

In STOP mode zappi will not charge your EV. **This includes the boost modes and timed boost.** zappi will continue to measure power and communicate with the other myenergi devices.

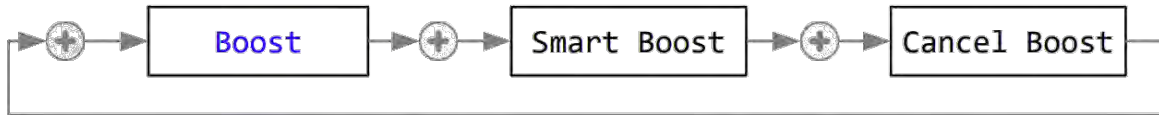
9. Manual Boost

The Manual Boost function can only be used when charging in ECO or ECO+ mode. When boosting, the charge rate is set to maximum (just like FAST mode), until a set amount of energy has been stored in the EV's battery. After which, Zappi will revert to ECO or ECO+ mode.

This function is useful if you arrive home with an almost flat battery and would like to charge the vehicle immediately to ensure there is enough charge for a short trip if needed.

The amount of energy delivered to the EV during the boost charge can be changed in the Charge Settings/Boost menu.

When in ECO or ECO+ mode, each press of the button will cycle through the boost options as illustrated below:



9.1 Activating Boost

1. When charging in ECO or ECO+ mode, press until BOOST is shown.

2. The boost will start after a couple of seconds and the display will show the remaining boost energy

The boost duration can be altered in the Charge Settings/Manual Boost menu option.

9.2 Cancelling Boost

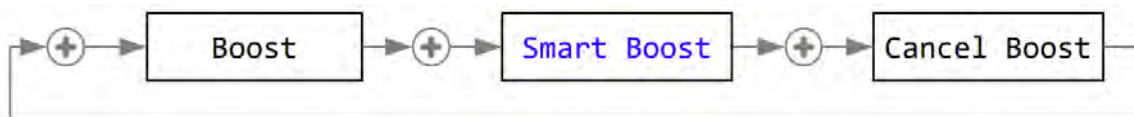
The boost can be cancelled by pressing until Cancel Boost is shown.

10. Smart Boost

The Smart Boost function will charge the EV with a minimum kWh figure by a set time. Smart Boost is available only in ECO and ECO+ modes.

- **The Smart Boost function does not bring the battery to a certain state of charge. The target kWh is only the energy added during the charging session.**

When in ECO or ECO+ mode, each press of the button will cycle through the boost options as illustrated below:

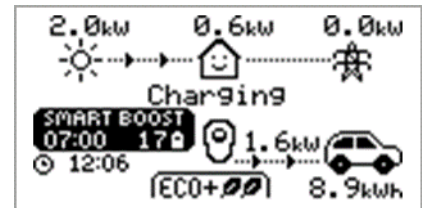


Example: It's a sunny Sunday and you wish to ensure there is enough charge in the EV to get to work in the morning (e.g. 15kWh), but in the meantime, you want to use the surplus energy from the PV system to charge the car, so you choose to use ECO+ mode. At sunset there was only 10kWh of charge accumulated. However, because you activated Smart Boost, and set the time you needed to leave for work, Zappi automatically boosted the charge in the night to top up the battery to the required 15kWh by 7am.

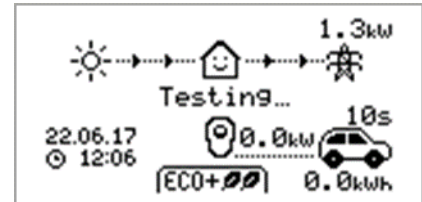
10.1 Activating Smart Boost

1. When charging in ECO or ECO+ mode, press  until SMART BOOST is shown.

2. The SMART BOOST icon will show including the target time and the pre-set energy amount.




3. zappi will then test the EV for a few seconds, to determine the maximum charge rate.




4. The boost will start at the latest possible time to achieve the set energy amount, if the current charge session has already accumulated enough energy, the boost will not be required and so will not operate.

The required energy and target time can be altered only when Smart Boost is not active. These settings are in the Charge Settings/Smart Boost menu option.



10.2 Cancelling Boost



The boost can be cancelled by pressing  until Cancel Boost is shown.

10.3 Programming the Smart Boost Values

1. From the main screen, press  to enter Main Menu

2. Select Smart Boost from within the Charge Settings menu. The SMART BOOST screen is then shown

3. The boost can now be edited: Use  or  buttons to edit the target time and amount of charge (kWh) that is required

4. Use  to move to the next value, and the  to return to the main screen once the required Smart Boost parameters have been set

11. Boost Timer

When using ECO or ECO+ charge modes, ZOPPI can be programmed to 'boost' the current charge at certain times. When boosting, the charge rate is set to maximum (just like FAST mode), regardless of the amount of available surplus power. This means that power may be drawn from the mains grid supply during boost times.

- There are four editable time slots which can be set to operate for certain days of the week.
- Setting the duration to 0h00 will make the boost inactive.

11.1 Programming Boost Times

1. From the main screen, press to enter Main Menu
2. Select Boost Timer from within the Charge Settings menu. The BOOST TIMER screen is then shown.
3. The boost can now be edited: Use or buttons to highlight the time slot you wish to change. The lower screenshot shows the start hour being edited:
4. Alter the start hour with the or buttons and then press to move to minutes.
5. Edit the duration in the same way and then press again to edit the days of the week you want the boost to be active for. Each day of the week can be toggled on/off with or buttons. Press to go to the next day. Pressing on the last day (Sunday) will confirm the boost time slot and the whole line will be highlighted again.
6. Press to exit the BOOST TIMER screen.

```
BOOST TIMER
Start Dur Days
07:30 1h30 MTWTF--
08:00 0h15 MTWTF--
12:00 0h00 -----SS
17:00 0h00 -----SS
```

11.2 Economy Tariff Boosting

Boosting only when economy rate electricity is available can be achieved in one of three ways:

1. By setting the boost timer to coincide with the economy tariff times. This option should be used only if the electricity meter is a dual-rate meter (modern meters usually are).
2. Boost only at set times AND if economy rate electricity is available.
3. Automatically boost whenever the economy tariff rate electricity is available, regardless of boost times*

*Options 2 and 3 are available only when using the eSense input.

For option 1, the eSense Input in the Advanced menu should be set to Boost Timer Enable.

With the Boost Timer Enable function set, the BOOST TIMER screen will include an extra column. The **e** can be toggled on/off. If **e** is present, the boost will activate only when the boost times are valid and the economy rate tariff is available.

```
BOOST TIMER
Start Dur Days
e 07:30 1h30 MTWTF--
- 08:00 0h15 MTWTF--
- 12:00 0h00 -----SS
- 17:00 0h00 -----SS
```

Alternatively the eSense input can be used to activate the boost whenever the economy tariff rate electricity is available, regardless of boost times (option 2). To do this, the eSense Input option in the Advanced menu should be set to Boost. When using this option, the Boost Timer is not needed.

11.3 Boost Time Conflicts

If one or more boost times conflict, the boost will follow the latest time or longest duration

12. Lock Function

zappi can be locked from unauthorised operation. The Lock Function requires a PIN number to be entered before the unit can be operated and/or a charge is allowed. The main display can also be hidden when zappi is locked.

12.1 Setting Master PIN (Device Menu)

For customer's with later zappi models (those with a 'H' in their model number), multiple PINs can now be assigned to different users in the myenergi myaccount (up to 4 users in total) as well as still being able to set one 'master' PIN in the device itself.

The following instructions explain how to set a PIN through the zappi menus and apply to all zappi models.

Details on setting multiple PINs in the 'H' model zappis are included in section 14.2.

The lock can be set to be active

- Only when the EV is plugged in
- Only when the EV is unplugged.
- All the time.

The settings for the Lock Function can be found in the Other Settings/Lock Function menu.

Lock Function Setting	Description
EV Plugged	The Lock Function is active when the EV is plugged in, preventing tampering with the charge session, or changing any settings
EV Unplugged	The Lock Function is active when the EV is disconnected, preventing unauthorised charging
If EV Plugged and EV Unplugged are both set, then the PIN lock is always active. zappi is effectively locked against any unauthorised use and the PIN code will always be required to make any changes locally or to start a charge. These are the recommended settings if zappi is mounted in an exposed / publicly accessible location and you do not want anyone else to be able to use it.	
Timeout	The time before the Lock Function automatically reactivates after being unlocked
Lock Code	This is the current lock code and is five digits from (1 to 4), it can be changed here Default code: 44444
Auto Hide	If set, this will hide the main display of the zappi to keep the power readings private
Charge:	Allow a charge session without the need to enter a pin-code. Useful to leave zappi access free but with the settings protected.
Test	Tests the socket lock solenoid when the charging cable is not plugged in.
If zappi will be used to provide public access for EV charging, then it is recommended to use the following settings: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• EV Plugged - Off• EV Unplugged - On• Charge - On• Lock Code - changed to a private PIN number	

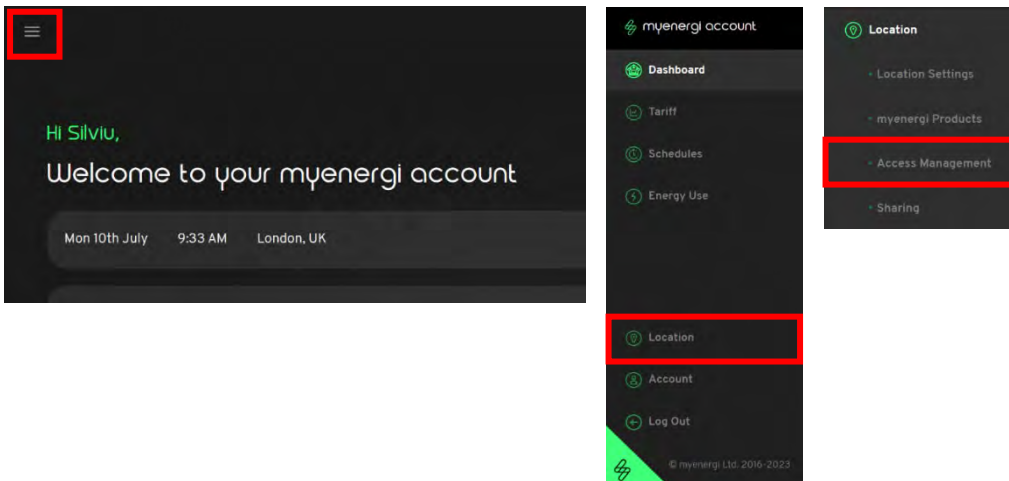
12.2 Setting PIN(s) and Assigning Users (myaccount)

Customers with later zappi models (those with a 'H' in their model number) can now set PIN codes for their zappi via the myenergi myaccount. Multiple PINs (up to 4 different users) can now be assigned to different users. This means that charging information for each user can be seen separately.

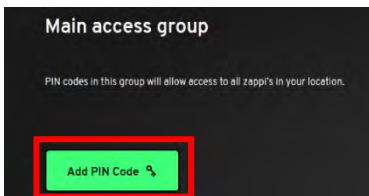
This does not necessarily mean 'people', you could use this function to see usage between personal and business miles, if you have a company car that you use for personal use. For example, you can set up a PIN and assign to 'user', 'personal' and set up another PIN assigning it to 'user', 'business'. When charging for personal journeys, simply enter the PIN you assigned as personal and vice versa.

To set and assign PINs in the myenergi myaccount, follow the steps below:

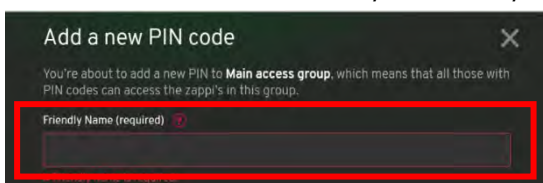
1. Go to your myenergi myaccount: <https://myaccount.myenergi.com>
2. Sign in or create an account, if you haven't already done so
3. In the side bar menu, navigate to "Location" tab, then click "Access Management". If the side bar isn't already visible, click the menu button in the top left hand corner to reveal it.



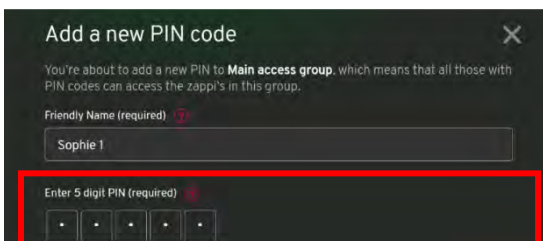
4. Click, "Add PIN Code".



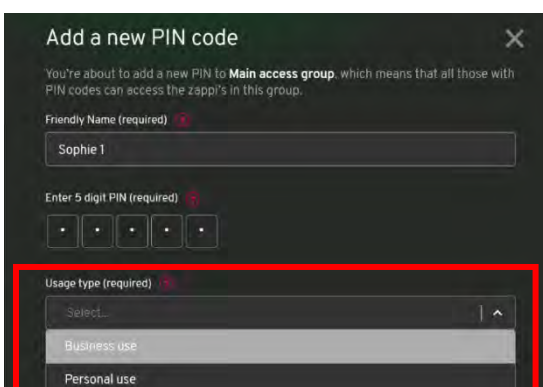
5. Enter a name to identify the user by.



6. Choose a 5 digit PIN code for the user (can only include numbers between 1-4) and enter it.



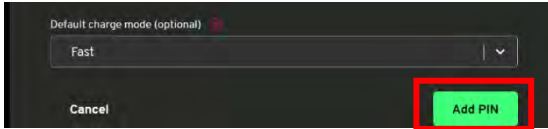
7. Select whether this user is business or personal use.




8. Set the default charging mode for this user from the drop down box; FAST, ECO or ECO+.



9. Once completed, click “Add PIN”.



12.3 Socket Lock

For untethered units only, the EV cable will be locked automatically when it is inserted into the zappi, even if it is not plugged into the EV. A small 'lock' icon will be seen on the right side of the zappi, in the centre of the screen. When the EV is disconnected, a press of the  button, will unlock the cable for a duration of 5 seconds, allowing the cable to be removed from zappi. After this time, the lock will be re-activated.

If the 'Lock Function' (PIN lock) feature is enabled in the zappi, the cable will not be locked into the socket until the PIN is entered and EV charging starts. This means that if anyone plugs their cable into the zappi but they do not know the PIN they are able to remove their cable.

In all cases the cable is unlocked if zappi detects a fault or the power supply to the zappi is switched off.

13 Configuration Settings

All settings are described in the *Main Menu* section; however, the more commonly altered settings are described in more detail below.

13.2 Time & Date

The date and time are used for the Boost Timer and the savings calculations and therefore should be set correctly. In the event of a power-cut, and providing the ZQPPi has a connection to the internet the ZQPPi will update the time and date automatically once the power is restored.

Even if the ZQPPi does not have an Internet connection its internal clock will continue keep track of the date / time for approx. 24 hours.

Time is always in 24-hour format, but the date format can be changed.

ZQPPi will automatically adjust the clock for Daylight Savings Time (DST) as long as Auto DST is enabled, and the correct time zone is selected.

The following Time and Date settings are recommended:

- Timezone – set to correct timezone
- Auto DST – On
- Update from Cloud - On

13.3 Display & Sound

The Generation Icon on the ZQPPi display can be changed to match your local system.

Select between “Sun” (PV) and “Wind” on the Icons... submenu to change the icon

If do not have any local generation then the icon can be turned off by changing the Monitoring... setting

13.4 RGB LED

ZQPPi has a coloured LED light on the front which changes colour and flashes to provide a visible indication of the charge state. The brightness of the LED and the colours can be adjusted from the RGB LED menu.

13.5 Grid Limit

When the Grid Limit is set, ZQPPi will automatically reduce the power going to the EV if it detects that too much power is being drawn from the grid.

13.6 CT Detect (“G100”)

“G100” is a UK standard which some distribution companies use when setting the requirements for the Grid Limit (or “load curtailment”) function in EV charging equipment. One requirement is that the equipment should detect if the grid CT is disconnected.

When the CT Detect Protection setting is turned on (default) ZQPPi will detect that the grid CT has become disconnected and will limit the output from the ZQPPi to prevent the grid supply being overloaded.

This setting applies to wired CT’s and is found on the Advanced – CT Config menu

14 Advanced Settings

The Advanced Settings menu is passcode protected.

The default passcode is 0 0 0 0 although it can be changed with the Passcode menu option.

14.2 Supply Grid – Device Settings

Phase/Phase Rotation

Single Phase zappi	The Phase setting is only used when installing a single phase Zappi onto a 3-phase supply. It should be set to match the phase number that the Zappi is wired to so that the power measurements are correct and that the Zappi responds to the correct phase when using the hQrvi wireless sensor.
Three Phase zappi	The Phase Rotation setting is only used on three phase units and should correspond to the wiring to the input terminals. Only the following specific options are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1/2/3 (Phase 1 wired into “L1”, Phase 2 wired into “L2”, Phase 3 wired into “L3”) • 2/3/1 (Phase 2 wired into “L1”, Phase 3 wired into “L2”, Phase 1 wired into “L3”) • 3/1/2 (Phase 3 wired into “L1”, Phase 1 wired into “L2”, Phase 2 wired into “L3”)

Phase Return

Single Phase Zappi only

When a single phase Zappi is installed on a 230V delta connected supply, it is necessary to tell Zappi which phase has been connected to the neutral terminal.

Note: *In most installations the Phase Return setting should be left as “N” for Neutral*

14.3 Device Limit

Sets the maximum current that the Zappi will draw (including when boosting and FAST mode). This is useful if the supply current is limited, for instance, if Zappi is connected on a 16A circuit instead of a 32A.

14.4 Neutral Limit

In some countries the electricity distribution company limit the maximum current that can flow in the neutral conductor on a three phase supply (for example, the neutral current is limited to 20A in Germany). Use this setting if a neutral current limit is specified for your installation.

14.5 Earthing

Before starting a charge, Zappi carries out a check to make sure that the protective earth conductor is still connected. This check only works in a TN or TT connected electricity supply. If you are on an IT supply or find that the protective earth check is too sensitive then change this setting to “IT”.

15 Supply Grid – Network Settings

15.2 Grid Limit/Load Curtailment

Sets the limit that can be drawn from the grid connection (i.e. the maximum import current or the main fuse rating).

Example: A property may have a grid supply limit of 65A. Several appliances are on so the property is consuming 12kW (52A). The user wants to charge in FAST mode. Without the Grid Limit set, the total consumption would exceed the allowed import current and trip the supply or blow a fuse. However, with a Grid Limit setting of 60A, Zappi would temporarily limit the charging current to 8A (about 1.8kW) and the maximum allowed import current would not be exceeded.

Note: When using a *harvi* to measure the grid supply, the highest value for the Grid Limit setting is 65 Amps. The maximum current limit when using a hardwired CT is 100A

Note: For installation in the UK where the Distribution Network Operator accepts load curtailment instead of an upgrade to the supply, the Grid CT must be wired to the Zappi and cannot be used with a *harvi*.

15.3 Battery

If the property has a static AC battery system installed, it is possible to get the Zappi to work in harmony with the battery system, provided a CT has been installed to monitor the battery inverter.

The table below details the different settings for working with an AC coupled battery storage system:

Setting	Function Description
None	There is no battery system installed.
Avoid Drain	Stops the zappi (or other linked myenergi devices) draining the battery when using surplus power from the solar or wind generation.
Avoid Charge	Effectively allows the zappi (or other linked myenergi devices) to take priority over the battery when charging from solar or wind generation.
Avoid Both	Provides both of the above functions. This setting will normally provide the best compatibility
Limit to Gen	Will limit the output of the zappi (except when boosting), to prevent unwanted draining of an AC coupled battery system. This setting does not require a CT to monitor the battery but does need a CT to monitor the solar/wind generation. Note: This setting is to support legacy installations – it is preferable to install a CT to monitor the battery and use one of the settings below.

15.4 Net Phases

When enabled, all readings from 3-phase myenergi devices configured as 3-phase, will be netted. This means that surplus generation on ANY phase will be considered available for consumption on ANY other phase.

Note: With a three phase Zappi, Net Phases *should normally be turned on*

15.5 Export Margin

This sets a minimum level of export power which is maintained when Zappi is charging in ECO or ECO+ modes.

Export Margin would normally be set to 0W (zero Watts) so that all available surplus will be used to charge the vehicle. In some cases, it may be desirable to always set a minimum export level set. An instance of this would be when using Zappi with a hybrid PV/battery system.

15.6 CT Config

Zappi measures current by using a number of Current Transformers (CTs). It is important that these are set up correctly so Zappi knows the different power flows and can control the EV charge rate.

The 3 CT inputs should be configured to match the connected CT sensors. There are further settings for the internal CT which measures the current being drawn by the EV.

Note: If you have CTs connected to a hQrvi then these CTs also need to be set up correctly. For a hQrvi, the CT settings are found through the Linked Devices menu rather than the CT Config menu.

Important: There must be only one Grid CT set (per phase) for the whole installation.

CT	Function Description
CTINT	This is the internal CT which measures the output (charging) current of the zappi
CT1	CT1 Input
CT2	CT2 Input
CT3	CT3 Input

CT Types

CT Type	Function Description
None	No CT connected.
Grid	Grid CT monitors the import and export power of the property. This is the CT used to determine if surplus power is available. There must only be one Grid CT set for each phase
Generation Only	Monitors Solar PV or Wind generation
Storage Only	Monitors a device that can 'store' energy (e.g. a third-party energy diverter) and enables the zappi to take priority over it. The power used by the third-party device is considered as surplus power unless the device is intentionally using grid power (i.e. it is boosting). The CT should be installed on the "live" supply cable feeding the diverter, with the arrow pointing away from it (i.e. towards the consumer unit / fuse board)
Gen & Battery Monitor	Monitors Solar PV or Wind generation that is combined with a DC-coupled battery
Monitor	Monitors any load, for example a washing machine or a lighting circuit. This setting can also be used to limit current drawn by myenergi devices on a particular circuit which includes other loads.
AC Battery	Used to monitor an AC-coupled battery. With this setting it is possible to manage the distribution of surplus energy between the battery and the zappi (and other myenergi devices). The Battery setting in the Supply Grid menu is used to configure how the zappi will operate alongside the battery system. The CT should be installed on the "live" supply cable of the battery inverter/charger, with the arrow pointing away from it (i.e. towards the consumer unit / fuse board).

15.7 CT Detect Protection

When using a wired CT for the Grid current reading, Zappi can also monitor the CT to make sure that it is still connected. This is important when using the Grid Limit (or “Load Curtailment”) function in the Zappi and is a required by some distribution companies.

“G100” is a UK requirement which describes the technical requirements for export limiting schemes. It does not apply directly to “import limitation” or “load curtailment” schemes but the general requirements are referred to by UK Distribution Network Operators in this context.

Normally the CT Detect setting should be turned ON for wired Grid CTs

15.8 CT Groups

CTs can be put in groups so that their readings are netted (combined). For example, you might want to monitor two solar PV systems and see the total generation on the display. Use Group in the CT Config menu to set which group the CT should be in.

Note: Different CT Types cannot be in the same group, the group names make this clear.

Only the first 4 groups can be used for current limiting, see *Group Limits* below.

15.9 Group Limits

Current limits can be set for certain CT Groups. When a Group Limit is set the myenergi devices in the group will limit the power they draw to keep within the set limit.

Group limits should be set only on the master device.

It is possible to use more than one group limit type (e.g. IL1 with MN1, so that there are two conditions for limiting). Some examples of how to set up the group limits are described in the table below.

Group Limit Example	Additional CT Installed	CT Config (all devices)
Limit current drawn by two zappi devices that are on the same 32A supply.	None; only the internal CTs are used.	CTINT Type: Internal Group: IL1 Group Limit: 32A
Limit current drawn by a zappi device that is fed from a 32A supply which is also feeding another appliance (e.g. a tumble dryer).	One CT is clipped around Live of the 32A supply and wired to CT2 of the zappi.	CT2 Type: Monitor Group: MN1 Group Limit: 32A
Limit current drawn by two zappi devices that are in a garage which is fed from a 40A supply. A washing machine and dryer are also in the garage.	One CT is clipped around Live of the 40A supply to the garage and wired to CT2 of one of the zappi units. Note: The other zappi does not need to have a CT connected, but it will still need to have a CT input configured to be in the same Monitor group.	CT2 Type: Monitor Group: MN1 Group Limit: 40A

16 Preconditioning

Most EV’s provide a preconditioning function that can be used to prepare the vehicle for a journey – typically by warming/cooling the inside of the car, defrosting the windscreen and possibly warming the battery so that it is in the optimum state for driving the vehicle.

To avoid draining the battery to precondition the car, the Zappi preconditioning mode can be set so that the power needed is provided from the electricity supply.

Note: This feature only works if Zappi has detected “Charge Complete” i.e. the previous charge was stopped by the EV because the battery was full.

If this is not the case, then the only way to ensure that the battery is not drained during the EV preconditioning is to set a Scheduled Boost to coincide with time when the EV will be preconditioning.

16.2 Setting Preconditioning

The preconditioning mode can set to “On” or “Off”:

CT Type	Function Description
Off	Once zappi detects “Charge Complete”, the next time the EV tries to draw power zappi will revert to the mode set (ie ECO, ECO+ or FAST). If zappi is in ECO+ and there is not enough surplus generation then the charge will pause and zappi will display "Waiting for surplus"
On	When preconditioning is turned ON, the amount of energy (kWh) zappi should supply to warm up the battery / precondition the EV can also be set. Once zappi detects “Charge Complete”, the next time the EV tries to draw power zappi will start a Preconditioning Boost (to the kWh target set) and then revert to normal charging, in whatever mode it is set to.

Note: Some vehicles (for example the Tesla Model S) need a lot of power to warm a cold battery even for standard charging. If you try to charge one of these vehicles in ECO and ECO+ mode the EV may charge for a short period, stop because it does not have enough power to warm the battery and then immediately try to charge the EV again.

We cannot guarantee that the Preconditioning Mode will cope with this situation but provided the EV draws a small amount of power the first time it tries to charge this should trigger the Preconditioning Mode, providing enough boost power to warm the EV’s battery and allow normal ECO/ECO+ charging to proceed.

17 eSense

The eSense input can be used for two function:

1. It can be configured to automatically activate a Boost during ECO or ECO+ charging, whenever economy tariff electricity is available. The eSense input must be wired to a circuit which is live or an external volt free contact which closes during the economy tariff times for this to function.
2. It can be used to limit the Zappi output or stop the charge – for instance, using an external contact from a smart meter or control box provided by the Distribution Company who may require the ability to control the power being used to charge an EV if their network is overloaded

eSense Setting	Description
Disabled	eSense input is ignored
Boost	If the eSense input is live, zappi will boost the charge
Boost Timer Enable	zappi will boost the charge if eSense is live AND the boost timer is set to operate at that time.
Load Limit	If the eSense input is live, zappi will limit the charge rate. The default limit is set to 7.2A but can be altered
Stop	If the eSense input is live, zappi will not charge, regardless of set charge mode or a boost

18 myenergi app

The myenergi app allows you to control and monitor your myenergi devices, in real-time, from anywhere in the world.

18.1 Setting Priorities

If you have multiple myenergi devices you can control how energy is distributed to each of them in your app and it couldn't be simpler.

Using your finger, simply select the device you want to move and drag it to the priority position you want it to take.

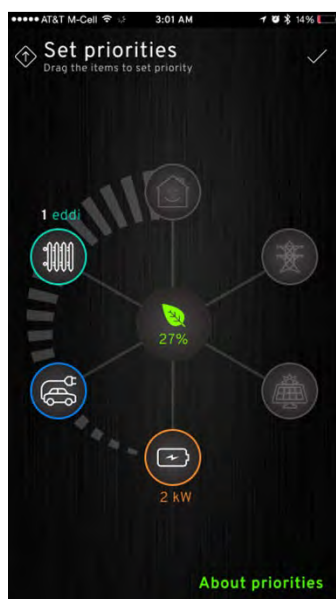
The higher up towards the house icon, the higher the priority for surplus energy. The lower down and further away from the house icon the lesser the priority for surplus energy.

If you have a myenergi eddi and/or zappi, regardless of the settings you have selected, libbi can only provide energy to the zappi and/or eddi if they are above them in priority.

i.e. Anything below the house icon receives surplus energy in the order of priority, going downwards. Going upwards libbi will only provide energy to anything shown above it in priority.



Screen 1



Screen 2

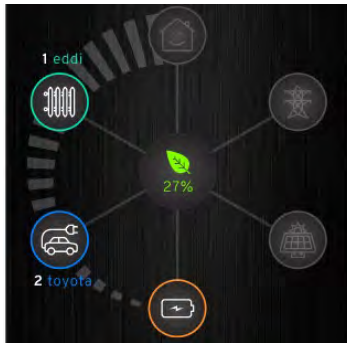


Screen 1, above, shows eddi as the highest priority and libbi as the lowest priority. So, eddi will receive any surplus energy first, followed by zappi and lastly followed by libbi. As libbi is below both zappi and eddi, libbi can supply energy to them both (depending on the settings you have selected for your zappi and eddi devices).

Screen 2, eddi has been dragged to the bottom which means eddi is now the lowest priority to receive surplus energy. libbi has been moved to the 'same' priority as zappi. Because they are the same priority they will both receive surplus energy equally but because libbi is above zappi, libbi cannot provide energy to zappi.

18.1.1 Priorities Explained

Example 1



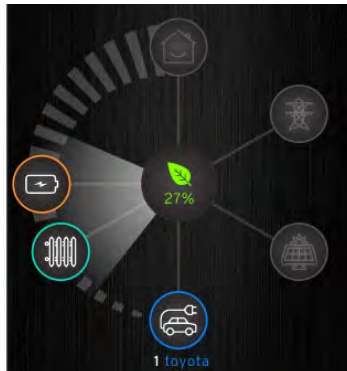
For surplus generation energy, eddi is the highest priority, followed by the zappi, then followed by the libbi. This means eddi will receive any surplus energy first before it is offered to the zappi and lastly it will be given to the libbi, providing eddi and zappi aren't in requirement of it. libbi is below both zappi and eddi meaning it can provide energy to both devices (depending on the preference you've selected either in your myenergi app or on the eddi/zappi device itself)

Example 2



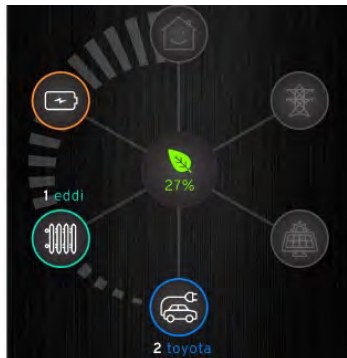
For surplus generation energy, eddi and libbi are of equal highest priority so they will receive any surplus energy equally first. Surplus energy will lastly be offered to zappi which is lowest priority. Although eddi and libbi are of equal priority, because the libbi is positioned below the eddi, libbi can provide energy to eddi. However, libbi cannot provide energy to zappi because zappi is positioned below libbi.

Example 3



For surplus generation energy, libbi and eddi are of equal highest priority so they will receive any surplus energy equally first. Surplus energy will lastly be offered to zappi which is lowest priority. Although libbi and eddi are of equal priority, because the eddi is positioned below the libbi, libbi cannot provide energy to eddi. libbi also cannot provide energy to zappi because zappi is positioned below libbi. However, libbi can still provide energy to the home.

Example 4



For surplus generation energy, libbi is the highest priority, followed by the eddi, then followed by the zappi. This means libbi will receive any surplus energy first before it is offered to the eddi and lastly it will be offered to the zappi, providing eddi and libbi aren't in requirement of it. libbi is above both zappi and eddi meaning it cannot provide energy to either device. However, libbi can still provide energy to the home.

Example 5



This myenergi eco-system consists of two libbis and an eddi. We will refer to the highest libbi as libbi 1 and the lowest libbi as libbi 2, for this example.

For surplus generation energy, libbi 1 is the highest priority, followed by the eddi, then followed by libbi 2. This means libbi 1 will receive any surplus energy first before it is offered to the eddi and lastly it will be given to the libbi 2, providing eddi and libbi 1 aren't in requirement of it. libbi 1 is above eddi meaning it cannot provide energy to it but it can still provide energy to the home. libbi 2 is positioned below eddi meaning libbi 2 can provide energy to eddi as well as to the home.


19 Troubleshooting

Symptom	Cause	Solution
Display is blank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ There is no power to the unit 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Check for correct supply voltage at the supply screw terminals (220 - 260V AC)
In ECO+ mode, the charge does not start, the display is always showing Waiting for Surplus and the export power is 0W	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Grid Sensor incorrectly installed ⊗ Faulty Grid Sensor ⊗ No signal from harvi (if used) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Check the grid sensor is connected to a CT terminal in the zappi or any CT input in the harvi ⊗ Check the Grid CT sensor is installed on the correct cable (see CT Sensor Installation on page 47) ⊗ Check resistance of the sensor - it should be around 200Ω when not connected (remove the sensor from the cable before testing resistance) ⊗ If using harvi, check that the CT input has been set to Grid in the harvi settings (under Linked Devices / Devices in the zappi Advanced Settings menu)
In ECO+ mode, the charge does not start, the display is always showing Waiting for Surplus , yet the export power is showing correctly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Export Margin set too high 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Check Export Margin setting (default is 0W)
Generation power is always 0kW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Generation CT not installed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Install generation sensor and connect to one of the CT inputs ⊗ Alternatively, if there is no Generation CT, the Generation and House consumption figures can be hidden on the main screen by changing the Icons setting in the Settings / Display & Sound menu
Installation Limit ! displayed Display will show the phase(s) that is(are) overloaded and the prospective current that would be drawn if the zappi were allowed to start charge at the minimum current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ The measured Grid Current is greater than the Grid Limit set in the zappi 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Check the Grid Limit setting ⊗ Reduce the load in the property ⊗ In a three phase installation, consider rebalancing the property load across the three phases
Installation Limit ! CT displayed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ The Grid CT has become disconnected or is not clamped correctly around the grid supply cable 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⊗ Check CT is installed correctly.

20 Fault Codes

If any of the following fault messages are displayed, follow the action described.

Displayed Message	Description	Action
Unknown Cable !	zappi has detected an unknown EV cable (untethered units only) Make sure you are using genuine IEC 62196-2 compliant plugs. Range supported: 32A, 20A and 13A.	zappi will automatically retest the cable after 5 seconds. If the issue persists, unplug the cable check for dirt in the plug and try again.
Pilot problem !	zappi has detected an issue with the “Control Pilot” signal on the cable between the zappi and the EV.	zappi will automatically retest the cable after 5 seconds. If the issue persists unplug the cable, check for dirt in the plug and try again.
Lock Failure ! Fault code 23	The socket lock actuator couldn't lock/unlock the inserted plug as expected (untethered units only).	This message can happen when the plug is not fully inserted or if it is twisted or pulled from the socket. Push the plug fully into the zappi to release the plug, then press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
Output Fault ! Fault code 24	zappi has detected a wrong output voltage. e.g. a voltage has been detected when it should be off.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
PE Fault ! Fault code 25	zappi has detected a problem with the main earth connection to the unit. The earth is either disconnected or the impedance of the earth connection is too high.	Unplug the EV, check the earth connection to the zappi and then hold the  button to reset the unit. If the electricity supply is “IT earthed” check the Supply Grid / Earthing menu setting.
Comms Fault ! Fault code 26	zappi has detected an issue with the built-in protection components.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
SelfTest Failed ! Fault code 27	The built-in protection devices couldn't be tested or failed the test prior to a charge.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
Contactor Fault ! Fault code 28	The relay inside the zappi has a welded contact. The secondary relay is open to make sure that the supply to the EV is isolated.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
PEN Fault! Fault code 29	The internal protection against the loss of the PEN conductor on the electricity supply has tripped.	Unplug the EV, make sure that the fault has been removed then press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
Overload ! Fault code 30	The EV is drawing too much current - the output is switched off.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the  button to reset the unit.
Bad Voltage Range ! Over Voltage! Under Voltage! Fault code 31	zappi has detected that the supply voltage is too high/low and has disconnected the EV to protect it.	Unplug the EV, make sure that the fault has been removed and hold the  button to reset the unit.
Overheating!	The zappi unit is too hot - the output is switched off.	Make sure that the zappi is properly ventilated (e.g. has not been covered). Charge will resume once the unit has cooled down again.

Voltage Mismatch ! Fault code 32	The output voltage detected by zappi and the built-in protection components is not the same.	Unplug the EV, press and hold the  button to reset the unit
Charge Blocked !	zappi has detected that the EV has repeatedly tried to start a charge even though the EV has previously reached “Charge Complete” i.e. The battery is full, the battery has reached a charge level set in the EV, or the charge has been stopped by a timer in the EV.	Unplug the EV Charging will continue when the EV is plugged in again

If any of the above faults persist then stop using zappi and contact your supplier or myenergi Technical Support.

21 Warranty

Full details of the myenergi product warranty are available on our web site or by using this QR code.



<https://myenergi.com/product/extended-warranty/>

22 Product Registration

Please register your new myenergi devices at <https://myaccount.myenergi.com/registration>

23 Technical Specifications

23.1 Performance

Mounting Location	Indoor or Outdoor (permanent mounting)
Charging Mode	Mode 3 (IEC 61851-1 compliant communication protocol)
Display	Graphical backlit LCD
Front LED	Multicolour, according to charge status, current and user setting
Charging Current	6A to 32A (variable)
Dynamic Load Balancing	Optional setting to limit current drawn from the unit supply or the grid
Charging Profile	3 charging modes: ECO, ECO+ or FAST. STOP is a further option
Connector Type	Type 2 tethered cable (6.5m) or type 2 socket with locking system
Compliance	LVD 2014/35/EU, EMC 2014/30/EU, EN 62196-2:2017, ROHS 2011/65/EU, CE Certified, EN 61851-1:2019*

** zappi complies fully with EN 61851-1:2019 with the exception of Clause 8.4 in order to meet the requirements of BS 7671:2018 Amendment 1:2020 which requires the protective earth conductor to be switched in order to provide protection against a damaged PEN conductor in a TN-C-S earthed electrical system.*

23.2 Electrical Specifications

Rated Power	7kW (1-phase) or 22kW (3-phase)
Rated Supply Voltage	230V AC Single Phase or 400V AC 3-Phase (+/- 10%)
Supply Frequency	50Hz
Rated Current	32A max

Standby Power Consumption	3W
Economy Tariff Sense Input	230V AC sensing (4.0kV isolated)
Wireless Interface	868 MHz / 915 MHz (-A units) proprietary protocol for wireless sensor and remote monitoring options
Grid Current Sensor	100A max. primary current, 16mm max. cable diameter
Supply Cable Entry	Rear / Bottom / Left side / Right side

23.3 Mechanical Specifications

Enclosure Dimensions	439 x 282 x 122mm
Protection Degree	IP65 (weatherproof)
Enclosure Material	ASA 6 & 3mm (UL 94 flame retardant) colours: white RAL 9016 and grey RAL 9006
Operating Temperature	-25°C to +40°C
Fixing Points	In-line vertical mounting holes
Weight	Single Phase Untethered: 3.0kg Three Phase Untethered: 3.3kg Single Phase Tethered: 5.5kg Three Phase Tethered: 7.2kg

23.4 Connectivity

WiFi 2.4 GHz 802.11BGN Connection up to 150 Mbps

WiFi Frequency Range 2412-2484 MHz

Radio Frequency Range 868-870MHz

Radio Frequency (Australia) 915MHz

23.5 Max Transmitted Power

Radio	25mW
WiFi	100mW

24 Model Variants

Model No.	Rating	Connector	Colour
ZAPPI-2H07UW	7kW	Untethered	White
ZAPPI-2H07TW	7kW	Tethered	White
ZAPPI-2H07UB	7kW	Untethered	Black
ZAPPI-2H07TB	7kW	Tethered	Black
ZAPPI-2H22UW	22kW (3-Phase)	Untethered	White
ZAPPI-2H22TW	22kW (3-Phase)	Tethered	White
ZAPPI-2H22UB	22kW (3-Phase)	Untethered	Black
ZAPPI-2H22TB	22kW (3-Phase)	Tethered	Black

Designed to permit installations compliant with IET Wiring Regulations BS 7671:2018 Amendment 1:2020 and the Electricity Safety, Quality, and Continuity Regulations 2002 and BS 8300:2009+A1:2010

25 Technical Support

If you experience any issues with your zappi during or post installation, please contact our Technical Support Team by scanning the QR Code below.



<https://myenergi.com/support-centre/>

Please contact us directly for the quickest solution.

26 Declaration of Conformity

Hereby, myenergi declares that the radio equipment type zappi eco-smart EV charge point is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following by scanning the QR code below.



<https://myenergi.com/declaration-of-conformity/>

Appendix A

Electric Vehicle (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021

As of 30th June 2022

Relevant to zappis INSTALLED from 30th June 2022

1. Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021

From 30th June 2022, any EV charger installed in a private setting i.e. home or workplace NOT public, in England, Scotland and Wales has to meet the Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021.

1.1 Purpose of the Regulations

The new smart charging regulations are a huge, positive forward-step by the UK Government in preparing our homes and businesses for a smart, connected and democratized energy system. Essential tools in driving down emissions and a core reason why myenergi exists.

The regulations are focused around when you are charging an EV. The aim of the regulations is to prevent everyone charging at the same time and putting too much demand on the grid.

1.2 What's changed with zappi

New features have been added to zappi to ensure our products remain compliant with UK Regulations.

These include:

- **Randomised Delay** – At the start of a charge and end of a scheduled, Timed Boost there will be a delay of up to 10 minutes before your vehicle starts and stops charging. This could be a few seconds or it could be up to the full 10 minutes. This is necessary to ensure everyone does not overload the grid by starting to charge or ending a charge at the same time. The Randomised Delay can be overridden, if necessary.
- **Smart Scheduling** – To comply with the smart charging regulations your zappi will be set to charge in off-peak hours by default. This is between 00:00 – 08:00. You may change this schedule at any time if you would prefer to charge in peak hours or your electricity tariff off-peak hours differ from those set.
- **Default to ECO+ mode** – If Smart Regulations apply, zappi will default to ECO+ mode on first boot up.
- **Charging logs** – You will now be able to view a record of charging logs from the past 13 months. See Charge Logs section below for further information.

1.3 Randomised Delay: How it works

As mentioned above, Randomised Delay will put a completely random delay at the start of a charge and end of a scheduled, Timed Boost, for up to 10 minutes. This can be overridden by the customer in situations where they are in a hurry.

1.3.1 Delay Status

You will be able to see if your charger is in a state of delay at any time as it will be displayed on both the zappi screen and in the myenergi app.

1.3.2 Overriding the delay

To override the delay simply press the ‘+’ button on the zappi or press the ‘charge now’ button displayed in the pop-up message within the myenergi app. If the delay is overridden your charge will start/stop immediately.



You cannot permanently override the delay function. If you wish to override the delay each time you charge, you will need to follow the above instruction to override on every applicable charging session.

1.4 Smart Scheduling: How it works

As summarised under section 1.2 your zappi will be set to charge in off-peak hours by default from initial start-up.

1.4.1 Off-peak hours

Off-peak hours are usually between 00:00 – 08:00, depending on your specific tariff, this is when your electricity will be at it’s cheapest.

1.4.2 Reason for Smart Scheduling

Encouraging you to charge in off-peak hours prevents overloading the grid in peak times.

1.4.3 Benefits of Smart Scheduling

Smart Scheduling will can help you spend less on your electricity. By charging in off-peak hours your electricity tariff may be cheaper.

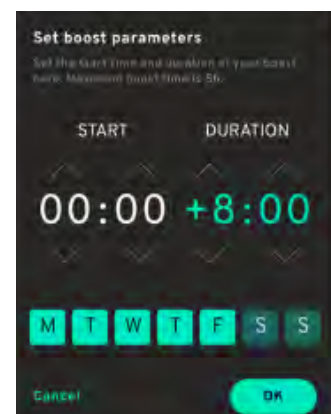
1.4.4 Changing the set schedule

If the default schedule does not suit your requirements, or your electricity tariff’s off-peak hours differ from the schedule set, you can amend your schedule at any time from the zappi menu or within the myenergi app.

To adjust your schedule in the app navigate to the ‘Set Boost Parameters’ option, select start time and set the number of hours you want your charger to boost for.

To change the schedule on your zappi device navigate to ‘Charge Settings > Boost Timer’ and amend the schedule as desired. *For further information see the Timed Boost section of the User Manual.*

Alternatively, the schedule may be deleted altogether, if required. To do this ensure all inputs are set to 00:00 for each day of the week.



1.5 Defaulting to ‘ECO+’ Mode

As mentioned in section 1.2 if your zappi meets the Smart Regulation parameters it will default to ECO+ mode upon first start-up. This can be changed to ECO+ or FAST mode at any time by the customer. *See Charging Modes section of the User Manual for further information on modes.*

1.5.1 Manual Boost

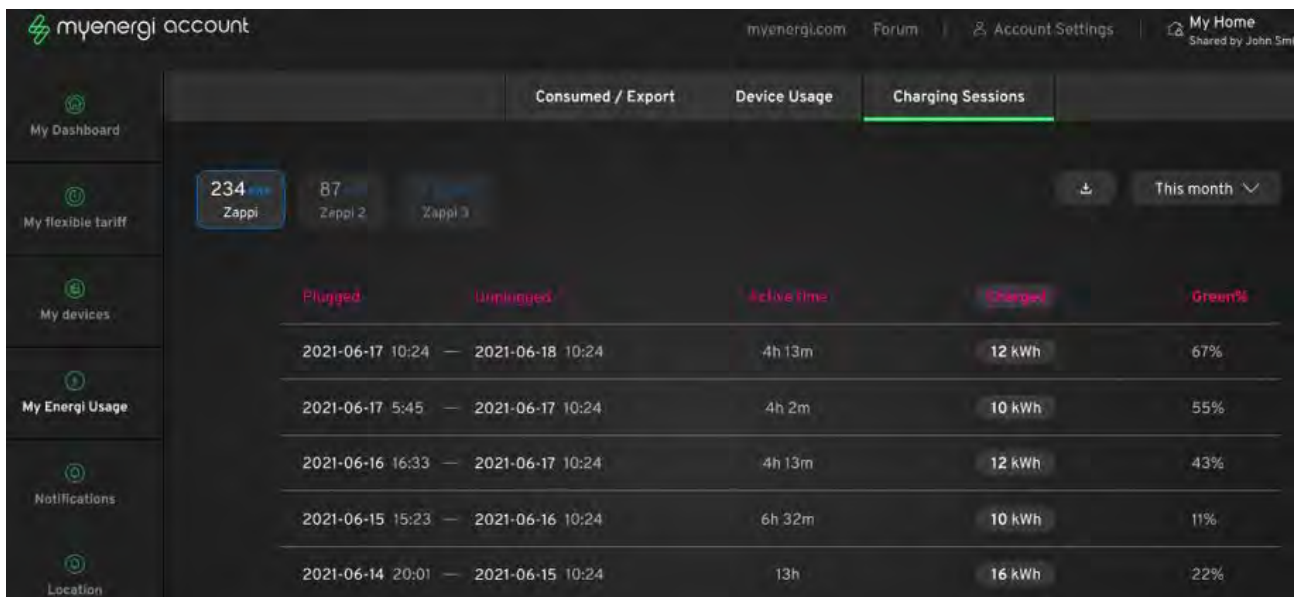
If you choose to remain in ECO+ mode you can still charge from the grid at any time by doing a Manual Boost. Refer to Manual Boost section of the User Manual for further information on this existing feature.

1.6 Charging Logs

Providing your zappi is internet connected and you have registered your device in myaccount you will be able to view a record of charge logs for the last 13 month period. This function will begin from 30th June 2022 so the earliest time you will see the whole 13 months will be from July 2023 or 13 months from when your device was connected to the internet. The charge logs will tell you when the charge started, when the session ended and the duration of each session.

To view your logs log into your account at <https://myaccount.myenergi.com/login>

Navigate to “My Energi Usage” in the left hand menu. The charge logs will be displayed like to example below.



Plugged	Unplugged	Active time	Charged	Green%
2021-06-17 10:24	2021-06-18 10:24	4h 13m	12 kWh	67%
2021-06-17 5:45	2021-06-17 10:24	4h 2m	10 kWh	55%
2021-06-16 16:33	2021-06-17 10:24	4h 13m	12 kWh	43%
2021-06-15 15:23	2021-06-16 10:24	6h 32m	10 kWh	11%
2021-06-14 20:01	2021-06-15 10:24	13h	16 kWh	22%

Appendix B

Electric Vehicle (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021

As of 30th December 2022

Applies to all zappis Installed on or after 30th December 2022

2. Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021

In addition to the regulations explained in Appendix A, from 30th December 2022, any EV charger installed in a private setting i.e. home or workplace NOT public, in England, Scotland and Wales has to meet FURTHER conditions to the Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021.

2.1 Purpose of the Regulations

Every day cyber criminals make attempts to target individuals and organisations. With a cyber attack attempted every 39 seconds these regulations have been put in place to mitigate the risk of this and ensure your device and information is secure from increasingly sophisticated attacks.

2.2 What's changed with zappi

The following features have been added to all zappis to comply with the Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021, Schedule 1, from 30th December 2022:

Set-up Wizard – The set-up wizard at power up has been changed to ensure smoother initial set-up. This includes internet connection and firmware updates upon start up.

Automatic Firmware Checking – zappi will regularly check for new software and will automatically display a message on your zappi screen to let you know in the myenergi app when updates are available.

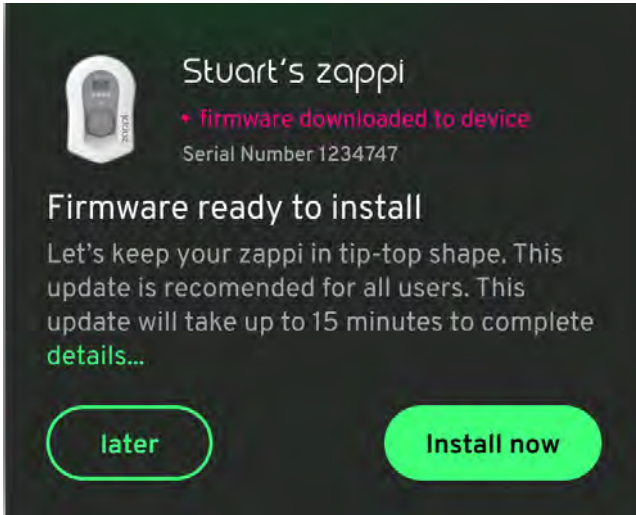
Tamper Detection – We have added built-in tamper detection to alert you if anyone has removed the front cover of your zappi. You will be alerted in the myenergi app when tamper activity is detected.

Encryption – To protect your data from eavesdroppers zappi uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) to securely communicate throughout your home and across the internet.

2.3 Automatic Firmware Checking

Being on the latest firmware is one crucial way to prevent security breaches. To ensure you are always on the most up-to-date firmware, your zappi will regularly check for new software and you will be notified in your myenergi app when updates are available.

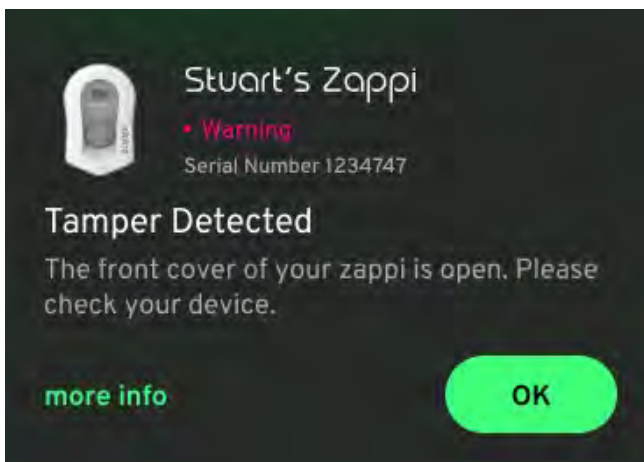
You then have the option to select “Install now” or “later”.



NOTICE
Firmware updates can only be delayed up to 3 times.

2.4 Tamper Detection

A tamper detection feature has been added to our zappi devices. This ensures that any time the cover is removed from your zappi you will be alerted that it has been tampered with.



2.5 AES Encryption

To protect your data from eavesdroppers zappi uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) to securely communicate throughout your home and across the internet.

Linked devices will communicate via AES and communication between your devices and the internet will also be via AES.

For customers with older myenergi devices that don't have the compatibility to communicate in encryption there is a new device menu setting which allows you to turn off encryption. If encryption is turned off this will only turn off encrypted communication locally between devices. Communication externally across the internet will still use encryption.

2.6 Installer Requirements

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure they are compliant with Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Installing only compliant charge points in private installs from and including 30th December 2022.
- Answering the start-up wizard questions accurately to reflect actual install parameters.
- Having a Technical File and/or Declaration of Compliance available if requested by the customer (myenergi's Technical File and Declaration of Compliance is available at: <https://myenergi.com/guides/smart-charge-point-regulations-explained/>)

The installer should ensure they are fully aware of and understand how the regulations affect them and what they are required to do to ensure they comply. These regulations should be monitored for any future updates. For further information or to view the current Electric Vehicles (Smart Charge Points) Regulations 2021 visit:

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukdsi/2021/9780348228434>

or

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/regulations-electric-vehicle-smart-charge-points>

Further information can also be found by following the QR code below which will take you to myenergi's Smart Regulations webpage which contains reference documents, FAQs and simplified explanations of the regulations.



<https://myenergi.com/guides/smart-charge-point-regulations-explained/>

Vulnerability Disclosure Policy

Our Vulnerability Disclosure Policy can be found here:

<https://myenergi.com/vulnerability-disclosure-policy/>

Cyber Security Guidance

Guidance on Cyber Security can be found here:

<https://support.myenergi.com/hc/en-gb/articles/11387108470417>

Product Support Policy

Our Product Support Policy can be found here:

<https://myenergi.com/product-support-policy/>

Appendix C

3. How to set up zappi for OCPP 1.6J

3.1 Overview

Open Charge Point Protocol (OCPP) allows communication between EV charge points and a charging station network or network operator who can provide centralised reporting and/or control of multiple EV charge points. Customers with later zappi models; those with built-in WiFi, will be able to set up OCPP. The following model codes support OCPP 1.6J:

ZAPPI-2H07UW	ZAPPI-2H07UB,
ZAPPI-2H07TW	ZAPPI-2H07TB,
ZAPPI-2H22UW	ZAPPI-2H22TW,
ZAPPI-2H22UB	ZAPPI-2H22TB,
ZAPPI-2H07UW-G	ZAPPI-2H07UB-G,
ZAPPI-2H07TW-G	ZAPPI-2H07TB-G,
ZAPPI-2H22UW-G	ZAPPI-2H22TW-G,
ZAPPI-2H22UB-G	ZAPPI-2H22TB-G,
ZAPPI-2H07UW-T	ZAPPI-2H07UB-T,
ZAPPI-2H07TW-T	ZAPPI-2H07TB-T,
ZAPPI-2H22UW-T	ZAPPI-2H22TW-T,
ZAPPI-2H22UB-T	ZAPPI-2H22TB-T.

There is no cost involved with using the myenergi OCPP gateway, however, the network operator may charge for their services. It's easy to set up your zappi with OCPP in a few simple steps.

3.2 Requirement

- **You'll need a zappi with built-in WiFi to use OCPP.** These zappi's can be identified by a 'H' in their model number. They also have a serial number starting with a 2xxxxxxx. Your zappi can be connected to the internet by any connection method for OCPP².
- **You'll need to have updated your zappi to the latest firmware;** V5.113, to get started. If you're unsure how to do this, please see our article here: <https://support.myenergi.com/hc/en-gb/articles/15513070753169-V5-Firmware-Updating-a-zappi-v2-0>
- **You must have a myenergi myaccount.** It's free to sign up but you must have your zappi registered on myenergi myaccount (<https://myaccount.myenergi.com>).
- **Your zappi should be set as vHub.** (If you have more than one zappi, one of them should be set as vHub)

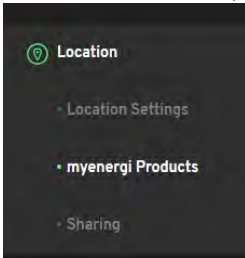
NOTE

- Please ensure you have an agreement with the OCPP platform provider, prior to connecting to their service.
- Configuring OCPP means you agree to myenergi sharing usage data with the third party you selected. The provider will also be able to control your zappi and adjust some of the configuration settings of your zappi.

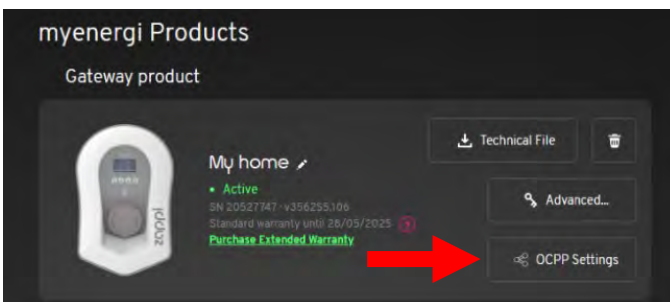
² Your zappi must be connected to the internet using the built in WiFi, wired Ethernet or via a radio link to another myenergi device which is acting as the internet gateway.

3.3 Setting up the OCPP provider

1. Go to your myenergi myaccount: <https://myaccount.myenergi.com>
2. Sign in or create an account, if you haven't already done so
3. On the side bar, click on the "location" tab, then click "myenergi products"



4. Find the zappi, you wish to connect to the OCPP provider, and select "OCPP Settings".



5. In the form that appears, you can either:
 - a. Select your OCPP provider from the dropdown menu or;
 - b. Select Manual/Other and enter the details provided by your OCPP service provider.

If you don't use one of our presets from the dropdown list, you'll need to configure the following settings:

- **Backend URI**³: This looks like a web address and should start wss:// or ws://⁴. This will be provided by the OCPP provider you choose⁵.

³ URI or "Uniform Resource Identifier"

⁴ If you're connecting in Great Britain and your zappi falls into the scope of the Smart Charging Regulations, you should ensure a secure WebSocket connection is used. (This means the address will start WSS:// instead of WS://). This means that the data between myenergi and the provider is encrypted. For security reasons, regardless of your location we recommend all customers use WSS:// URI's where the provider has this option

⁵ ensure that the URI address ends with a forward slash (/). For example, if a provider gives their URI as wss://ocppexample.myenergi.com, you should type wss://ocppexample.myenergi.com/

- **Chargebox ID:** For most customers you will not have to change this field. By default, it will be the serial number of your zappi. Some platform providers may ask you to change this field. Your provider will tell you if they need you to change this information.
 - **Username:** For best practice this should match the Chargebox ID. For most customers, it will not be necessary to change the default, which is the zappi serial number. If you do change the Chargebox ID you should also change the username to match
 - **Authorization Key:** Some providers may give you an authorization key which is necessary for the charger to connect to their platform. Not all providers use them and you can leave this blank if you haven't been provided with one (this might also be referred to as a password). Speak to your OCPP platform provider if you're unsure.
6. Finally, accept the terms and conditions and select "Enable". That's it.

3.4 Troubleshooting OCPP

Not Connecting?

Please use this checklist:

1. Please check your charge point is online in your myenergi myaccount. You should see online on the my products page
2. Try rebooting the charge point. You can do this by pressing the menu icon on zappi and holding the button down until the charge point restarts
3. The Chargebox ID matches what you've entered into the platform you've chosen (Sometimes this will be referred to as an EVSE ID)
4. The username and Chargebox ID match
5. If you were provided with an authorization key, please check it matches what the provider gave you and there is no whitespace (particularly at the end, if you've copied and pasted)
6. Go to the OCPP settings and check:
 - a. The URI matches what was given by your platform provider
 - b. The URI ends with a forwards slash (/)
 - c. If you have chosen the Other / Manual setup option and you're using a Secure WebSocket Connection, (starting WSS://), ask your provider if they have an unsecured WebSocket URI (starting WS://).

*Whilst we don't recommend using the unsecure WebSocket (WS://) for ongoing use, it can help us understand if there is a problem establishing a secure connection with the provider you have chosen. If, after this step, your connection works, please let us know by contacting our Tech Support (details on page **Error! Bookmark not defined.**) and we'll try to reach out to the provider to solve the issue.*



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